PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN



(11)Publication number:

2001-014239

(43) Date of publication of application: 19.01.2001

(51)Int.Cl..

G06F 13/00

G06F 12/14

G06F 15/00

(21)Application number: 11-182908

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(22)Date of filing:

29.06.1999

.

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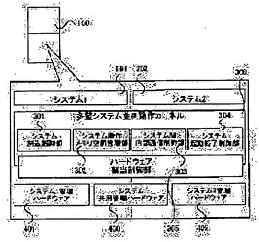
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(54) SECURITY SYSTEM BY MULTIPLEX SYSTEM PARALLEL OPERATED COMPUTERS

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To secure the security of systems to be simultaneously and parallel operated without altering the systems by making a monitoring system monitor the contents of inter-system communications with the other system and an illegal inter-system communication control from the other system and preventing the influence of an illegal intrusion and control when an illegality is detected except for the monitoring system.

SOLUTION: A multiplex system parallel operation kernel 300 simultaneously and parallel operates plural systems on one computer. A system interruption control part 301 controls the interruption between respective systems and performs assigning or scheduling of processors. Besides, a system operation memory space managing part 302 manages the memories of respective systems and assigns memories for each of respective systems.



When an illegal access is performed from one system to the multiplex system parallel operation kernels 300, the multiplex system parallel operation kernel 300 enables a general system itself to stop while using a system start/end control part 304.

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CLAIMS

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1]In environment where information is delivered by other systems and intersystem communications by a supervising system which is at least one system taking the lead by a computer which carries out simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems on one computer, The contents of intersystem communication with a system of at least others [supervising system / said], Certification information and unjust intersystem communication control from other systems are supervised, A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer when [said] supervising system detection is carried out [performed / except said supervising system / an unjust invasion or unjust control], wherein influence of an unjust invasion and control does not attain to said supervising system at least.

[Claim 2]A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer, wherein two or more system action environment where it operates on one computer operates in claim 1 in an environment which completely became independent.

[Claim 3]A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer being able to assign two or more systems which operate on one computer in claim 1 as hardware to which each manages hardware which exists on one computer at the time of computer starting.

[Claim 4]A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer, wherein communication between two or more systems which operate on one computer is possible and access restriction can set it to intersystem communication inside said apparatus by intersystem communication inside apparatus in claim 1.

[Claim 5]When an unjust invasion and unjust control are performed to one system in claim 1, A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer which ends and resets without reset of an apparatus power supply only a system by which said unauthorized entry and control were performed, and is characterized by influence not attaining to other systems.

[Claim 6]Via a public circuit at least to one computer for relay of a system which performs communications control. Use a computer in which two or more systems of claim 1 carry out simultaneous parallel operation, and the inner 1 ** of two or more of said systems becomes a supervising system, and supervises other systems, Provide environment which connected a supervising system to an internal circuit and other systems connected to an external public circuit, respectively, and said provided environment, To a system connected to a public circuit at least by using the feature of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, an unjust invasion from

the outside, A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer being able to provide environment of safety where influence of said unjust invasion, control, and an attack does not reach in an internal circuit even when control and an attack are delivered.

[Claim 7]A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer, wherein a public circuit of claim 6 includes the Internet, intranet, and extranet at least.

[Claim 8]A security system by a multiplex system parallel operation computer by which a firewall and a packet converter being included at least in a computer for relay of claim 6.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the security system provided by the computer which can carry out simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems on a single computer.

[0002]The communications control security at the time of accessing a public circuit including especially the Internet, intranet, and extranet into a specific site from the client on said public circuit in the network used as a backbone circuit is included at least.

[0003]

[Description of the Prior Art]a former and single computer top -- if -- in order to carry out unitary control of the hardware, it was common that one system operated. Even when comparing and working two or more systems, it was made to operate as a virtual computer like JP,7-129419,A, and, as for hardware control/resource control, the base system of the virtual machine was performing all. Therefore, a possibility that security will be easily broken by unjust invasion/operation to a base system was high.

[0004]A public circuit including especially the Internet, intranet, and extranet in the network used as a

[0004]A public circuit including especially the Internet, intranet, and extranet in the network used as a backbone circuit. It was common to have used the computer machines which combined a single system or single system apparatus in the communications control at the time of accessing into a specific site from the client on said public circuit as a security translator for communications controls. That is, security reservation of said computer for translators was an important technical problem in the same system.

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention]In this invention, the environment where simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems is carried out on a single computer is used, and the security of the systems which are carrying out simultaneous parallel operation is secured, without converting the system itself. According to this invention, the security of mutual systems, Even when the supervising system which controls the original multiplex system parallel operation kernel which moves by a base, and said multiplex system parallel operation kernel takes charge and unjust invasion is carried out to one system, the security which does not have influence in other systems is provided. Even when it invades into the system of one metaphor from the outside and unlawful access is able to be tried via said kernel, ending the system itself accessed when the supervising system checked the operation etc. offers the purpose environment where the secondary influence of the system on others is prevented.

[0006]In the network which uses the public circuit which includes the Internet, intranet, and extranet which are increasing by leaps and bounds now by using the aforementioned security especially as a backbone circuit, It is also at least one purpose to provide the communications control security function at the time of accessing into a specific site from the client of said public circuit point. It realizes, when said two or more systems use the computer in which simultaneous parallel operation is possible for the computer for translators generally used by said communications control now and specifically carry out security reservation to it.

[0007]

[Means for Solving the Problem]A means for realizing an aforementioned problem is explained using drawing 1.

[0008]In the first place, this invention has a means to carry out simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems on one computer. A 300 multiplex-system parallel operation kernel of <u>drawing 1</u> provides said means. A 301 system interruption control section controls interruption between each system, and, specifically, performs assignment and scheduling of a processor. The 302 system-action memory space Management Department manages a memory of each system, and performs memory assignment for every system. That is, a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) is completely [each system] controllable, and when unlawful access is performed from one system to a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), a stop of the general-purpose system itself of it is also attained using a 304 system-startup end controlling part.

[0009]It exists on one computer the second, and has a means to conceal hardware which is carrying out original management for every system from other systems. A 305 hardware quota system part of drawing 1 provides said means. A hardware quota system part (305) manages hardware (401 and 402) which each system manages uniquely, and hardware (400) which a system has by common use, It becomes possible to dissociate from other systems and to conceal hardware which has a function which assigns each hardware to each system at the time of starting, and one system has with said function.

[0010]It has a means to control communication between two or more systems which carry out simultaneous parallel operation on one computer to the third. An interior communication control section

simultaneous parallel operation on one computer to the third. An interior communication control section between 303 systems in a 300 multiplex-system parallel operation kernel of <u>drawing 1</u> provides said means. Uniquely, the interior communication control section between 303 systems can provide a function between mutual systems which communicates, and can also provide a function to provide access restriction in communication between systems as occasion demands without communication to the computer exterior, such as a network.

[0011]One system which operates on one computer can be realized without reconstruction of security which does not have on other systems of the system itself using the above means, It is available as a system of a translator which provides an advanced communications control security function at the time of accessing into a specific site from a client of the public circuit point.

[0012]

[Embodiment of the Invention]One example of this invention is described using a drawing. [0013]Drawing 1 is a figure explaining the system configuration of this invention. 100 is one computer. 201 and 202 are systems which operate on a computer (100), and are an operating system (OS) which exists

in a world at least, and the software for computing control containing middle software. 300 is a multiplex system parallel operation kernel which operates on a computer (100), and is a system for operating two or more said systems (201, 202) on one computer. In a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), a 301 system interruption control section, the 302 system-action memory space Management Department, the interior communication control section between 303 systems, and a 304 system-startup end controlling part exist. In a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), one function of the 305 hardware quota system part which manages the hardware which exists in a computer and enables hardware assignment for every system exists. 401 is the hardware in the computer (100) managed by the system 1 (201), and 402 is the hardware in the computer (100) managed by the general-purpose system 2 (202). On the other hand, 400 is hardware which all the systems which exist in a computer (100) use by common use. In this example, in order to explain simply, the system which operates within one computer (100) was set to two, but these can be existed by more than one.

[0014]A multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) rises at the time of computer (100) starting, and fixes the environment for operating two or more systems (201, 202). The 302 system-action memory space Management Department assigns required memory space for every system, and loading of each system of it is attained on the assigned memory space. A 301 system interruption control section assigns the processor which each system uses at the time of starting. Of course, this assignment is a case where two or more processors exist in a computer (100), and when there is only one processor, a system interruption control section (301) manages the interruption scheduling of an after-starting processor, and it controls to pass processing to each system if needed.

[0015]Operation becomes possible, without simultaneous-standing in a row as mentioned above, and moreover two or more systems in an one computer top adding change and reconstruction independently to the system itself.

[0016]A hardware quota system part (305) also functions as a part of multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) at the time of computer (100) starting, and the hardware (401, 402) which each system manages uniquely, and the hardware (400) used by common use are assigned. When hardware carries out information acquisition from a system (201, 202) accessible in an after-starting user, System 1 management hardware (401) and system common management hardware (400) can acquire the system 2 management hardware (402) from the system 2 (202), and system common management hardware (400) from the system 1 (201). That is, in the system 2 (202), in the hardware information and the system 1 (201) which the self-system has not managed, the information on system 1 management hardware (401) cannot detect system 2 management hardware (402), and even the existence can detect it no longer. [0017]By using the function explained above, two or more computer environment which completely became independent is realizable on one computer.

[0018]A multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) carries out agency control of the interior communication between two or more systems which operate on it. This is realized by the interior communication control section between 303 systems. In order that said interior communication may not disseminate information to the exterior at all, compared with actually communicating among two or more computers, that the communication content is intercepted has high safety few. Since it is only that a communications interface appears from a system, unless the structure of a multiplex system parallel

operation kernel (300) is known, there are also few possibilities that the communication content will be decoded. It is also possible to set up access restriction by communication between systems if needed. For example, when communicating by the system 1 (201) and the system 2 (202), communication of only the demand from the system 2 (202) and its response is permitted, and the needed information from the system 1 (201) can also perform setting out which is disregarded. The case where there is injustice of access restriction from the system 1 (201) when the above-mentioned access restriction is set up, When it is detected by the system 2 (202) side that unjust operation/control are performed by the inaccurate invader on the system 1 (201), where a computer (100) is started, it also becomes possible through a 304 general-purpose system startup end controlling part to perform an end and reboot of the system 1 (201). [0019]Also when an inaccurate invader performs unjust operation/control by taking composition like drawing 1 to the system which operates on a computer as I understand by the above explanation, high correspondence of safety is always attained.

[0020]Next, <u>drawing 4</u> explains the example of 1 use of this invention from <u>drawing 2</u>. However, this is an example of 1 use to the last, and here where various security effects are induced by taking the same composition is possible for it.

[0021]Drawing 2 is a figure showing the composition of the communications control at the time of accessing a public circuit including the Internet, intranet, and extranet which are generally used now into a specific site from the client on said public circuit in the network used as a backbone circuit. [0022]The composition contents of drawing 2 are explained. 1000 is an external client computer. Interface hardware for 1001 to communicate an external client computer (1000). A LAN board/card, a modem, etc. are mentioned as a general example. The system by which 1002 works on an external client computer (1000). 1003 is client software which operates on said system (1002). The public line whose 2000 is a channel of a demand/reply packet of said client software (1003). The specific site in which said client software (1003) is the destination about a demand/reply packet 3000. The network site closed as an example in the internal network of the company is mentioned, and said site holds both access points of the internal network in a public line (2000) and a company. 3100 is a public line (2000) in a specific site (3000), and a network for security located in the middle of the internal network in a specific site (3000), and is generally called a boundary network. 3110 is between a public line (2000) and a boundary network (3100), is information machines and equipment which filter the communication packet which goes a mutual network back and forth, and is generally called an external router. The external<-> boundary communication control part which 3111 is an external router (3110) and actually provides the filtering function of a packet. The boundary server computer which 3120 has on a boundary network (3100) and performs a justification check and attestation of the communication from client software (1003). Interface hardware for 3121 to communicate a boundary server computer (3120). The system by which 3122 works on a boundary server computer (3120). 3123 is server software which operates on said system (3122), and is called a boundary server. The client specification processing corresponding point which 3124 performs a justification check and attestation of the communication from client software (1003) on said boundary server (3123), and transmits a processing packet to the internal network of a specific site (3000) as occasion demands. 3200 is an internal network in a specific site (3000). 3210 is between a boundary network (3100) and an internal network (3200), is information machines and equipment which filter the

communication packet which goes a mutual network back and forth, and is generally called an internal router. The internal
-> boundary communication control part which 3211 is an external router (3210) and actually provides the filtering function of a packet. The internal server computer which 3220 has in an internal network and performs internal processing etc. in response to processing of the client in an internal network (3200), etc., and the processing from the client specification processing corresponding point (3124) on a boundary server computer (3120). 3230 is an internal client computer in an internal network (3200). In this invention, in order to explain simply, the computer was written with very little composition, but many apparatus which plays the same role as the case of being actual exists.

[0023]Next, a communications processing flow in case an external client computer (1000) accesses to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000) is explained using drawing 3. Processing is started by 4000. By 4001, the client software (1003) on an external client computer (1000) publishes the processing request packet to a specific site (3000). Although the final address of said processing request packet is the internal server computer (3220) and internal client computer (3230) on an internal network (3200), the packet request destination actually published is a boundary server computer (3120) on a boundary network (3100). By 4002, the processing request packet which the external client computer (1000) published is sent to an external router (3110) via a public circuit (2000). The processing request packet by which packet filtering of the external<-> boundary communication control part (3111) in an external router (3110) was performed, the address and the packet kind were judged, and justification was checked by 4003 is sent to a boundary server computer (3120). Here, processing is ended when the justification of a packet is inaccurate (4010).

[0024] The processing request packet which reached the boundary server computer (3120) in 4004. It is sent to the boundary server (3123) in a boundary server computer (3120), and by a client specification processing corresponding point (3124). If check of the contents of a packet and attestation of delivery origin are performed and justification is checked, in order to newly send to an internal network (3200) from a client specification processing corresponding point (3124), packet conversion and required authenticating processing are performed and a packet sends to an internal router (3210). Here, processing is ended when attestation of case [where the justification of the contents of a packet is inaccurate], and delivery origin goes wrong (4010). The packet by which packet filtering of the internal <-> boundary communication control part (3211) in an internal router (3210) was performed, the packet kind after conversion was judged, or the check of the address was performed, and justification was checked by 4005 is sent in an internal network. [0025]On the other hand, processing will be ended, if a packet kind is inaccurate or an address check goes wrong (4010). By 4006, the packet which arrived at the internal network (3200) is sent to the internal server computer (3220) and internal client computer (3230) which perform processing eventually, and a processing demand is performed. The above is a series of communications processing flows in case an external client computer (1000) accesses to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000). [0026] Here, the problem of the security in the composition of drawing 2 is described.

[0027]Generally, encryption of the contents, etc. are given, and the packet which flows through the inside of a public circuit (2000) and the network of a specific site (3100, 3200) is safely designed, even when tapping etc. are encountered comparatively. However, the system (3122) which operates as a base of the boundary server (3123) which exists on a boundary network (3100) generally comprises a circulation OS

and middle software, and the internal structure is easy to be analyzed. As a role of a boundary server (3123), The information from outside is processed and also the security level of the external router (3110) is inevitably set up low in the meaning with the duty which disseminates information outside of filtering of a packet compared with the internal router (3210) in many cases. Therefore, it is easy for an external inaccurate invader to try the unjust invasion to the boundary server computer (3120) on a boundary network (3100), or to send in an inaccurate analysis program.

[0028]When it is accessed illegally or an unjust program is sent in, the analysis and an alteration of the contents of a processing request packet sent, and also the analysis and the alteration of a packet which are sent to an internal network are performed. And the internal networks in a company etc. are eventually allowed invasion, sending of disclosure, a virus, etc. of extra sensitive information etc. is performed, and it suffers serious damage in many cases. Of course, as the measure, it is also possible to work considering the system (3122) on the boundary server computer (3120) of a boundary network (3100) as an original system. However, applications including the server which operates on a system in that case also need to prepare a completely original thing, and flexibility falls remarkably.

[0029]In order to solve the problem on said security, the lineblock diagram at the time of being adapted for the boundary server computer (3120) on a boundary network (3100) in the system configuration of this invention explained by drawing 1 is shown in drawing 4.

[0030]The composition contents of drawing 4 are explained. 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 2000, 3000, 3100, 3110, 3111, 3120, 3121, 3122, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3200, 3210, 3211, 3220, and 3230 are together with the composition explained by drawing 2. 300 is the multiplex system parallel operation kernel explained by drawing 1. The client specification processing demand preserving part which is a storing region for 3125 to save temporarily the processing request packet from an external client (1000). Interface hardware for 3126 to perform communication with an internal server computer (3220) on a boundary server computer (3120). The supervising system with which 3127 performs contents supervision of a client specification processing demand preserving part, and the unfair operation/invasion monitoring of a system (3122). Interface hardware for 3321 to communicate an internal server computer (3220). The system by which 3222 works on an internal server computer (3220). 3223 is server software which operates on said system (3222), and is called an internal server. The client specification processing demand acquisition part from which 3224 acquires the processing request packet from [from a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125) an external client (1000) with directions of a supervising system (3127). The client specification processing internal network corresponding point for 3225 receiving a processing request packet from a client specification processing demand acquisition part, and sending a processing request packet to the specification computer in an internal network. Interface hardware for 3226 to perform communication with a boundary server computer (3120) on an internal server computer (3220). Exclusive gateway LAN which is a network with which 3300 connects the communication-interface hardware (3326) of an internal server computer (3220), and the communication-interface hardware (3126) of a boundary server computer (3120).

[0031]The feature of this composition just adopted as the boundary server computer (3120) the multiplex system operation kernel (300) explained by <u>drawing 1</u>. Said multiplex system operation kernel (300) loads a supervising system (3127) besides the same system (3122) as usual at the time of boundary server

computer (3120) starting. These are realized in the system interruption control section (301) and system memory space management department (302) which were explained by <u>drawing 1</u>. moreover -- although said each system is operating on one computer -- a system (3122) -- a boundary network (3100) -- a supervising system (3127) -- exclusive gateway LAN (3300) -- it is completely connected with the separate network, respectively. The communication-interface hardware (3121, 3126) which each system manages also in hardware is constituted so that hardware information by the side of other systems cannot be detected. This is realized in the hardware quota system part (305) explained by <u>drawing 1</u>. That is, the computer which completely has a separate security level constitutes the environment intermingled independently from on one computer.

computer which completely has a separate security level constitutes the environment intermingled independently from on one computer. [0032]A supervising system (3127) is a multiplex system parallel kernel (300) course, and supervises the system (3122) side periodically. For this reason, as for the needed information from a reverse system (3122), the multiplex system parallel kernel (300) has performed setting out which is not received, although the needed information and the answer from a supervising system (3127) permit access. This is realized by the interior communication control section between systems explained by drawing 1. If it seems that the system (3122) side has received, the processing request packet from an external client (1000), A supervising system (3127) sends directions to an internal server computer (3220) via exclusive gateway LAN (3300), an internal server computer (3220) acquires a processing request packet, and a processing request packet is eventually sent to the specification computer in an internal network. [0033]When an inaccurate person invades into the system (3122) on a boundary server computer (3120) or an unjust program etc. are sent in, Also when a supervising system (3127) detects and also unlawful access is tried by the multiplex system parallel kernel (300), A multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) detects, and it is notified to a supervising system (3127), and the end/reboot by the side of a system (3122) are performed by directions of a supervising system (3127), and an administrator is notified of the notice. This is realized by the system startup end controlling part (304) explained by drawing 1. [0034]A communications processing flow in case the external client computer (1000) using the composition of drawing 4 accesses drawing 5 to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000) is explained. Since processing until a processing request packet is sent to a boundary server computer (3120) is the same as that of drawing 3, explanation after it is given here. Processing is started by 5000. The processing request packet which reached the boundary server computer (3120) in 5001, It is sent to the boundary server (3123) in a boundary server computer (3120), and by a client specification processing corresponding point (3124). When check of the contents of a packet and attestation of delivery origin are performed and justification is checked, it is stored in a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125) from a client specification processing corresponding point (3124). Here, processing is ended when attestation of case [where the justification of the contents of a packet is inaccurate], and delivery origin goes wrong

(5010). A supervising system (3127) by 5002 via a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), When a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125) is checked and a processing request packet exists, if it is a just packet, by checking the contents of a packet via exclusive gateway LAN (3300), Directions of packet acquiring are taken out to the client specification processing demand acquisition part

on an internal server (3223). Here, processing is ended when the justification of the contents is inaccurate (5010). By 5003, from a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125), a client

specification processing demand acquisition part acquires a processing packet, and sends the packet to a client specification processing internal network corresponding point (3225). By 5004, a client specification processing internal network corresponding point (3225) sends to the internal server computer (3220) and internal client computer (3230) which perform processing eventually, and a processing demand is performed. External client computers (1000) when the above uses the system configuration of this patent are a series of communications processing flows when accessing to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000).

[0035]Explanation of one example of this invention is finished above. [0036]

[Effect of the Invention]This invention uses the environment where simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems is carried out on a single computer, and secures without reconstruction of the system itself the security of the systems which are carrying out simultaneous parallel operation. Even when unjust invasion is carried out to the system of one metaphor, reservation of the security which performs a system's own end/reboot into which it was invaded, prevents the secondary influence of the system on others, and does not have on other systems is possible.

[0037]A public circuit including especially the Internet, intranet, and extranet in the network used as a backbone circuit. In the communications control at the time of accessing into a specific site, security reservation of said ******* for communications controls is attained from the client on said public circuit.

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TECHNICAL FIELD

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the security system provided by the computer which can carry out simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems on a single computer. [0002]The communications control security at the time of accessing a public circuit including especially the Internet, intranet, and extranet into a specific site from the client on said public circuit in the network used as a backbone circuit is included at least.

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EFFECT OF THE INVENTION

[Effect of the Invention] This invention uses the environment where simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems is carried out on a single computer, and secures without reconstruction of the system itself the security of the systems which are carrying out simultaneous parallel operation. Even when unjust invasion is carried out to the system of one metaphor, reservation of the security which performs a system's own end/reboot into which it was invaded, prevents the secondary influence of the system on others, and does not have on other systems is possible.

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TECHNICAL PROBLEM

[Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] In this invention, the environment where simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems is carried out on a single computer is used, and the security of the systems which are carrying out simultaneous parallel operation is secured, without converting the system itself. According to this invention, the security of mutual systems, Even when the supervising system which controls the original multiplex system parallel operation kernel which moves by a base, and said multiplex system parallel operation kernel takes charge and unjust invasion is carried out to one system, the security which does not have influence in other systems is provided. Even when it invades into the system of one metaphor from the outside and unlawful access is able to be tried via said kernel, ending the system itself accessed when the supervising system checked the operation etc. offers the purpose environment where the secondary influence of the system on others is prevented.

[0006]In the network which uses the public circuit which includes the Internet, intranet, and extranet which are increasing by leaps and bounds now by using the aforementioned security especially as a backbone circuit, It is also at least one purpose to provide the communications control security function at the time of accessing into a specific site from the client of said public circuit point. It realizes, when said two or more systems use the computer in which simultaneous parallel operation is possible for the computer for translators generally used by said communications control now and specifically carry out security reservation to it.

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MEANS

[Means for Solving the Problem]A means for realizing an aforementioned problem is explained using drawing 1.

[0008]In the first place, this invention has a means to carry out simultaneous parallel operation of two or more systems on one computer. A 300 multiplex-system parallel operation kernel of <u>drawing 1</u> provides said means. A 301 system interruption control section controls interruption between each system, and, specifically, performs assignment and scheduling of a processor. The 302 system-action memory space Management Department manages a memory of each system, and performs memory assignment for every system. That is, a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) is completely [each system] controllable, and when unlawful access is performed from one system to a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), a stop of the general-purpose system itself of it is also attained using a 304 system-startup end controlling part.

[0009]It exists on one computer the second, and has a means to conceal hardware which is carrying out original management for every system from other systems. A 305 hardware quota system part of <u>drawing 1</u> provides said means. A hardware quota system part (305) manages hardware (401 and 402) which each system manages uniquely, and hardware (400) which a system has by common use, It becomes possible to dissociate from other systems and to conceal hardware which has a function which assigns each hardware to each system at the time of starting, and one system has with said function.

[0010]It has a means to control communication between two or more systems which carry out simultaneous parallel operation on one computer to the third. An interior communication control section between 303 systems in a 300 multiplex-system parallel operation kernel of <u>drawing 1</u> provides said means. Uniquely, the interior communication control section between 303 systems can provide a function between mutual systems which communicates, and can also provide a function to provide access restriction in communication between systems as occasion demands without communication to the computer exterior, such as a network.

[0011]One system which operates on one computer can be realized without reconstruction of security which does not have on other systems of the system itself using the above means, It is available as a system of a translator which provides an advanced communications control security function at the time of accessing into a specific site from a client of the public circuit point.

[0012]

[Embodiment of the Invention]One example of this invention is described using a drawing. [0013]Drawing 1 is a figure explaining the system configuration of this invention. 100 is one computer. 201 and 202 are systems which operate on a computer (100), and are an operating system (OS) which exists in a world at least, and the software for computing control containing middle software. 300 is a multiplex system parallel operation kernel which operates on a computer (100), and is a system for operating two or more said systems (201, 202) on one computer. In a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), a 301 system interruption control section, the 302 system-action memory space Management Department, the interior communication control section between 303 systems, and a 304 system-startup end controlling part exist. In a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), one function of the 305 hardware quota system part which manages the hardware which exists in a computer and enables hardware assignment for every system exists. 401 is the hardware in the computer (100) managed by the system 1 (201), and 402 is the hardware which all the systems which exist in a computer (100) use by common use. In this example, in order to explain simply, the system which operates within one computer (100) was set to two, but these can be existed by more than one.

[0014]A multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) rises at the time of computer (100) starting, and fixes the environment for operating two or more systems (201, 202). The 302 system-action memory space Management Department assigns required memory space for every system, and loading of each system of it is attained on the assigned memory space. A 301 system interruption control section assigns the processor which each system uses at the time of starting. Of course, this assignment is a case where two or more processors exist in a computer (100), and when there is only one processor, a system interruption control section (301) manages the interruption scheduling of an after-starting processor, and it controls to pass processing to each system if needed.

[0015]Operation becomes possible, without simultaneous-standing in a row as mentioned above, and moreover two or more systems in an one computer top adding change and reconstruction independently to the system itself.

[0016]A hardware quota system part (305) also functions as a part of multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) at the time of computer (100) starting, and the hardware (401, 402) which each system manages uniquely, and the hardware (400) used by common use are assigned. When hardware carries out information acquisition from a system (201, 202) accessible in an after-starting user, System 1 management hardware (401) and system common management hardware (400) can acquire the system 2 management hardware (402) from the system 2 (202), and system common management hardware (400) from the system 1 (201). That is, in the system 2 (202), in the hardware information and the system 1 (201) which the self-system has not managed, the information on system 1 management hardware (401) cannot detect system 2 management hardware (402), and even the existence can detect it no longer. [0017]By using the function explained above, two or more computer environment which completely

[0018]A multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) carries out agency control of the interior communication between two or more systems which operate on it. This is realized by the interior communication control section between 303 systems. In order that said interior communication may not

became independent is realizable on one computer.

disseminate information to the exterior at all, compared with actually communicating among two or more computers, that the communication content is intercepted has high safety few. Since it is only that a communications interface appears from a system, unless the structure of a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) is known, there are also few possibilities that the communication content will be decoded. It is also possible to set up access restriction by communication between systems if needed. For example, when communicating by the system 1 (201) and the system 2 (202), communication of only the demand from the system 2 (202) and its response is permitted, and the needed information from the system 1 (201) can also perform setting out which is disregarded. The case where there is injustice of access restriction from the system 1 (201) when the above-mentioned access restriction is set up, When it is detected by the system 2 (202) side that unjust operation/control are performed by the inaccurate invader on the system 1 (201), where a computer (100) is started, it also becomes possible through a 304 general-purpose system startup end controlling part to perform an end and reboot of the system 1 (201). [0019]Also when an inaccurate invader performs unjust operation/control by taking composition like drawing 1 to the system which operates on a computer as I understand by the above explanation, high correspondence of safety is always attained.

[0020]Next, drawing 4 explains the example of 1 use of this invention from drawing 2. However, this is an example of 1 use to the last, and here where various security effects are induced by taking the same composition is possible for it.

[0021]Drawing 2 is a figure showing the composition of the communications control at the time of accessing a public circuit including the Internet, intranet, and extranet which are generally used now into a specific site from the client on said public circuit in the network used as a backbone circuit. [0022]The composition contents of drawing 2 are explained. 1000 is an external client computer. Interface hardware for 1001 to communicate an external client computer (1000). A LAN board/card, a modem, etc. are mentioned as a general example. The system by which 1002 works on an external client computer (1000), 1003 is client software which operates on said system (1002). The public line whose 2000 is a channel of a demand/reply packet of said client software (1003). The specific site in which said client software (1003) is the destination about a demand/reply packet 3000. The network site closed as an example in the internal network of the company is mentioned, and said site holds both access points of the internal network in a public line (2000) and a company. 3100 is a public line (2000) in a specific site (3000), and a network for security located in the middle of the internal network in a specific site (3000), and is generally called a boundary network. 3110 is between a public line (2000) and a boundary network (3100), is information machines and equipment which filter the communication packet which goes a mutual network back and forth, and is generally called an external router. The external<-> boundary communication control part which 3111 is an external router (3110) and actually provides the filtering function of a packet. The boundary server computer which 3120 has on a boundary network (3100) and performs a justification check and attestation of the communication from client software (1003). Interface hardware for 3121 to communicate a boundary server computer (3120). The system by which 3122 works on a boundary server computer (3120). 3123 is server software which operates on said system (3122), and is called a boundary server. The client specification processing corresponding point which 3124 performs a justification check and attestation of the communication from client software (1003) on said boundary

server (3123), and transmits a processing packet to the internal network of a specific site (3000) as occasion demands. 3200 is an internal network in a specific site (3000). 3210 is between a boundary network (3100) and an internal network (3200), is information machines and equipment which filter the communication packet which goes a mutual network back and forth, and is generally called an internal router. The internal
communication packet which goes a mutual network back and forth, and is generally called an internal router. The internal router (3210) and actually provides the filtering function of a packet. The internal server computer which 3220 has in an internal network and performs internal processing etc. in response to processing of the client in an internal network (3200), etc., and the processing from the client specification processing corresponding point (3124) on a boundary server computer (3120). 3230 is an internal client computer in an internal network (3200). In this invention, in order to explain simply, the computer was written with very little composition, but many apparatus which plays the same role as the case of being actual exists.

[0023]Next, a communications processing flow in case an external client computer (1000) accesses to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000) is explained using drawing 3. Processing is started by 4000. By 4001, the client software (1003) on an external client computer (1000) publishes the processing request packet to a specific site (3000). Although the final address of said processing request packet is the internal server computer (3220) and internal client computer (3230) on an internal network (3200), the packet request destination actually published is a boundary server computer (3120) on a boundary network (3100). By 4002, the processing request packet which the external client computer (1000) published is sent to an external router (3110) via a public circuit (2000). The processing request packet by which packet filtering of the external<-> boundary communication control part (3111) in an external router (3110) was performed, the address and the packet kind were judged, and justification was checked by 4003 is sent to a boundary server computer (3120). Here, processing is ended when the justification of a packet is inaccurate (4010).

[0024] The processing request packet which reached the boundary server computer (3120) in 4004, It is sent to the boundary server (3123) in a boundary server computer (3120), and by a client specification processing corresponding point (3124). If check of the contents of a packet and attestation of delivery origin are performed and justification is checked, in order to newly send to an internal network (3200) from a client specification processing corresponding point (3124), packet conversion and required authenticating processing are performed and a packet sends to an internal router (3210). Here, processing is ended when attestation of case [where the justification of the contents of a packet is inaccurate], and delivery origin goes wrong (4010). The packet by which packet filtering of the internal <-> boundary communication control part (3211) in an internal router (3210) was performed, the packet kind after conversion was judged, or the check of the address was performed, and justification was checked by 4005 is sent in an internal network. [0025]On the other hand, processing will be ended, if a packet kind is inaccurate or an address check goes wrong (4010). By 4006, the packet which arrived at the internal network (3200) is sent to the internal server computer (3220) and internal client computer (3230) which perform processing eventually, and a processing demand is performed. The above is a series of communications processing flows in case an external client computer (1000) accesses to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000). [0026] Here, the problem of the security in the composition of drawing 2 is described.

[0027] Generally, encryption of the contents, etc. are given, and the packet which flows through the inside

of a public circuit (2000) and the network of a specific site (3100, 3200) is safely designed, even when tapping etc. are encountered comparatively. However, the system (3122) which operates as a base of the boundary server (3123) which exists on a boundary network (3100) generally comprises a circulation OS and middle software, and the internal structure is easy to be analyzed. As a role of a boundary server (3123), The information from outside is processed and also the security level of the external router (3110) is inevitably set up low in the meaning with the duty which disseminates information outside of filtering of a packet compared with the internal router (3210) in many cases. Therefore, it is easy for an external inaccurate invader to try the unjust invasion to the boundary server computer (3120) on a boundary network (3100), or to send in an inaccurate analysis program.

[0028]When it is accessed illegally or an unjust program is sent in, the analysis and an alteration of the contents of a processing request packet sent, and also the analysis and the alteration of a packet which are sent to an internal network are performed. And the internal networks in a company etc. are eventually allowed invasion, sending of disclosure, a virus, etc. of extra sensitive information etc. is performed, and it suffers serious damage in many cases. Of course, as the measure, it is also possible to work considering the system (3122) on the boundary server computer (3120) of a boundary network (3100) as an original system. However, applications including the server which operates on a system in that case also need to prepare a completely original thing, and flexibility falls remarkably.

[0029]In order to solve the problem on said security, the lineblock diagram at the time of being adapted for the boundary server computer (3120) on a boundary network (3100) in the system configuration of this invention explained by <u>drawing 1</u> is shown in <u>drawing 4</u>.

[0030]The composition contents of drawing 4 are explained. 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 2000, 3000, 3100. 3110, 3111, 3120, 3121, 3122, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3200, 3210, 3211, 3220, and 3230 are together with the composition explained by drawing 2. 300 is the multiplex system parallel operation kernel explained by drawing 1. The client specification processing demand preserving part which is a storing region for 3125 to save temporarily the processing request packet from an external client (1000). Interface hardware for 3126 to perform communication with an internal server computer (3220) on a boundary server computer (3120). The supervising system with which 3127 performs contents supervision of a client specification processing demand preserving part, and the unfair operation/invasion monitoring of a system (3122). Interface hardware for 3321 to communicate an internal server computer (3220). The system by which 3222 works on an internal server computer (3220). 3223 is server software which operates on said system (3222), and is called an internal server. The client specification processing demand acquisition part from which 3224 acquires the processing request packet from [from a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125) I an external client (1000) with directions of a supervising system (3127). The client specification processing internal network corresponding point for 3225 receiving a processing request packet from a client specification processing demand acquisition part, and sending a processing request packet to the specification computer in an internal network. Interface hardware for 3226 to perform communication with a boundary server computer (3120) on an internal server computer (3220). Exclusive gateway LAN which is a network with which 3300 connects the communication-interface hardware (3326) of an internal server computer (3220), and the communication-interface hardware (3126) of a boundary server computer (3120).

[0031]The feature of this composition just adopted as the boundary server computer (3120) the multiplex system operation kernel (300) explained by drawing 1. Said multiplex system operation kernel (300) loads a supervising system (3127) besides the same system (3122) as usual at the time of boundary server computer (3120) starting. These are realized in the system interruption control section (301) and system memory space management department (302) which were explained by drawing 1. moreover -- although said each system is operating on one computer -- a system (3122) -- a boundary network (3100) -- a supervising system (3127) -- exclusive gateway LAN (3300) -- it is completely connected with the separate network, respectively. The communication-interface hardware (3121, 3126) which each system manages also in hardware is constituted so that hardware information by the side of other systems cannot be detected. This is realized in the hardware quota system part (305) explained by drawing 1. That is, the computer which completely has a separate security level constitutes the environment intermingled independently from on one computer.

[0032]A supervising system (3127) is a multiplex system parallel kernel (300) course, and supervises the system (3122) side periodically. For this reason, as for the needed information from a reverse system (3122), the multiplex system parallel kernel (300) has performed setting out which is not received, although the needed information and the answer from a supervising system (3127) permit access. This is realized by the interior communication control section between systems explained by drawing 1. If it seems that the system (3122) side has received, the processing request packet from an external client (1000), A supervising system (3127) sends directions to an internal server computer (3220) via exclusive gateway LAN (3300), an internal server computer (3220) acquires a processing request packet, and a processing request packet is eventually sent to the specification computer in an internal network. [0033]When an inaccurate person invades into the system (3122) on a boundary server computer (3120) or an unjust program etc. are sent in, Also when a supervising system (3127) detects and also unlawful access is tried by the multiplex system parallel kernel (300), A multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300) detects, and it is notified to a supervising system (3127), and the end/reboot by the side of a system (3122) are performed by directions of a supervising system (3127), and an administrator is notified of the notice. This is realized by the system startup end controlling part (304) explained by drawing 1. [0034]A communications processing flow in case the external client computer (1000) using the composition of drawing 4 accesses drawing 5 to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000) is explained. Since processing until a processing request packet is sent to a boundary server computer (3120) is the same as that of drawing 3, explanation after it is given here. Processing is started by 5000. The processing request packet which reached the boundary server computer (3120) in 5001, It is sent to the boundary server (3123) in a boundary server computer (3120), and by a client specification processing corresponding point (3124). When check of the contents of a packet and attestation of delivery origin are performed and iustification is checked, it is stored in a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125) from a client specification processing corresponding point (3124). Here, processing is ended when attestation of case I where the justification of the contents of a packet is inaccurate], and delivery origin goes wrong (5010). A supervising system (3127) by 5002 via a multiplex system parallel operation kernel (300), When a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125) is checked and a processing request packet exists, if it is a just packet, by checking the contents of a packet via exclusive gateway LAN (3300),

Directions of packet acquiring are taken out to the client specification processing demand acquisition part on an internal server (3223). Here, processing is ended when the justification of the contents is inaccurate (5010). By 5003, from a client specification processing demand preserving part (3125), a client specification processing demand acquisition part acquires a processing packet, and sends the packet to a client specification processing internal network corresponding point (3225). By 5004, a client specification processing internal network corresponding point (3225) sends to the internal server computer (3220) and internal client computer (3230) which perform processing eventually, and a processing demand is performed. External client computers (1000) when the above uses the system configuration of this patent are a series of communications processing flows when accessing to the internal network (3200) in a specific site (3000).

[0035]Explanation of one example of this invention is finished above.

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DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Drawing 1]The system configuration figure of this invention.

[Drawing 2]The lineblock diagram of the present public circuit **********.

[Drawing 3]The flow chart of the present public circuit ******* control management.

[Drawing 4]The lineblock diagram at the time of using this invention for public circuit ***********.

[Drawing 5]The flow chart of the public circuit ******* control management by this invention.

[Description of Notations]

100 [-- Multiplex system parallel operation kernel,] -- A computer, 201 -- Systems 1 and 202 -- Systems 2 and 300 301 -- A system interruption control section, 302 -- System action memory space Management Department, 303 [-- System common management hardware, 401 / -- System 1 management hardware, 402 / -- System 2 management hardware.] -- The interior communication control section between systems, 304 -- A system startup end controlling part, 305 -- A hardware quota system part, 400

(19)日本国特許庁(JP)

(12) 公開特許公報(A)

(11)特許出願公開番号 特開2001-14239

(P2001-14239A)

(43)公開日 平成13年1月19日(2001.1.19)

(51) Int.Cl. ⁷		識別記号	FΙ			7]ド(参考)
G06F	13/00	3 5 1	G06F	13/00	3 5 1 Z	5B017
	12/14	3 1 0		12/14	310A	5B085
					310K	5B089
	15/00	3 2 0		15/00	3 2 0 A	,

審査請求 未請求 請求項の数8 OL (全 9 頁)

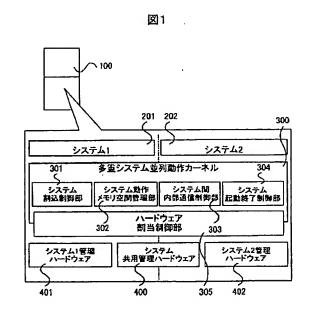
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(54) 【発明の名称】 多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム

(57) 【要約】

【課題】主たる課題は、単一計算機上で複数システムを 同時並列稼働させる環境を利用し、同時並列稼働してい るシステム同士のセキュリティをシステム自体の改造を することなく確保する。

【解決手段】一台の計算機上で動作する1つのシステムが他のシステムに影響を及ぼさないセキュリティがシステム自体を改造無しで実現可能とし、公共回線先のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の高度な通信制御セキュリティ機能を提供する中継器のシステムとして利用可能である。



【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】一台の計算機上で複数のシステムを同時並列稼働する計算機で、少なくとも一つのシステムである監視システムが中心になり、他のシステムとシステム間通信により情報を受け渡しする環境において、前記監視システムが、少なくとも他のシステムとのシステム間値の内容、認証情報、および他のシステムからの不正なシステム間通信制御の監視を行い、前記監視システム以外で不正な侵入や不正な制御が行われたことを前記監視システムには不正の侵入、制御の影響が及ばないことを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【請求項2】請求項1において、一台の計算機上で動作する複数のシステム動作環境は、全く独立した環境で動作することを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【請求項3】請求項1において、一台の計算機上で動作する複数のシステムは、計算機起動時に一台の計算機上に存在するハードウェアを、各々が管理するハードウェアとして割当が可能であることを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【請求項4】請求項1において、一台の計算機上で動作する複数のシステム間の通信は、機器内部のシステム間通信により可能であり、前記機器内部のシステム間通信にはアクセス制限が設定可能であることを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【請求項5】請求項1において、一つのシステムに不正な侵入や不正な制御が行われた場合、機器電源のリセット無しに、前記不正侵入、制御が行われたシステムのみ終了、リセットし、他のシステムには影響が及ばないことを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【請求項6】少なくとも公共回線経由で、通信制御を行うシステムの一台の中継用計算機に、請求項1の複数のシステムが同時並列稼働する計算機を使用し、前記複数のシステムの内1つが監視システムとなり他のシステムを監視し、監視システムは内部の回線に、他のシステムは外部の公共回線に、それぞれ接続した環境を提供し、前記提供された環境は、請求項1、2、3、4,5の特長を利用することにより、少なくとも公共回線に接続するシステムに外部からの不正な侵入、制御、攻撃が行われた場合にでも、内部の回線内には前記不正な侵入、制御、攻撃の影響が及ばない、安全の環境が提供可能であることを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【請求項7】請求項6の公共回線は、少なくともインタネット、イントラネット、エクストラネットを含むことを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキ

ュリティシステム。

【請求項8】請求項6の中継用計算機には、少なくともファイアウォール、パケット変換器を含むことを特徴とする、多重システム並列稼働計算機によるセキュリティシステム。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、単一計算機上で複数のシステムを同時並列稼働することが可能な計算機により提供されるセキュリティシステムに関する。

【0002】特にインターネット、イントラネット、エクストラネットを含む公共回線をパックボーン回線として使用するネットワークにおいて、前記公共回線上のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の通信制御セキュリティを少なくとも含む。

[0003]

【従来の技術】従来、単一計算機上ではハードウェアを一元制御するため、1つのシステムが動作するのが一般的であった。また例え、複数のシステムを稼働する場合でも、特開平7-129419号の様に仮想的計算機として動作させ、ハードウェア制御/資源管理は仮想計算機のベースシステムが全てを実行していた。そのため、ベースシステムへの不正な侵入/操作などにより容易にセキュリティが破られる可能性が高かった。

【0004】特にインターネット、イントラネット、エクストラネットを含む公共回線をバックボーン回線として使用するネットワークで、前記公共回線上のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の通信制御においては、単一のシステム、もしくは単一システム機器同士を組み合わせるなどした計算機器類を、通信制御用のセキュリティ中継器として使用することが一般的であった。つまり前記中継器用計算機のセキュリティ確保が同システムでの重要な課題であった。

[0005]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】本発明では、単一計算機上で複数システムを同時並列稼働させる環境を利用し、同時並列稼働しているシステム同士のセキュリティをシステム自体の改造をすることなく確保する。本発明によれば、互いのシステム同士のセキュリティは、前記のシステム並列稼働カーネルと前記が受け持ち、1つのシステムに不正な侵入がされた場合でも、他のシステムに影響がないセキュリティを提供する。また、例え1つのシステムに外部から侵入し、も、また、例え1つのシステムに外部から侵入し、前記カーネル経由で不正アクセスを試みられた場合でも、その操作を監視システムが確認した時点でアクセスを行ったシステム自身を終了するなど、他のシステムへの二次的な影響を防止する環境の提供も目的とする。

【0006】特に前記のセキュリティを利用することで、現在飛躍的に増大しているインターネット、イント

ラネット、エクストラネットを含む公共回線をバックボーン回線として使用するネットワークにおいて、前記公共回線先のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の通信制御セキュリティ機能を提供することも、少なくとも一つの目的である。具体的には、前記通信制御で現在一般的に利用されている中継器用計算機に、前記複数のシステムが同時並列動作可能な計算機を利用し、セキュリティ確保をすることにより実現する。

[0007]

【課題を解決するための手段】上記課題を実現するため の手段を、図1を用い説明する。

【0008】本発明は第一に、一台の計算機上で複数のシステムを同時並列稼働させる手段を有する。図1の300多重システム並列稼働カーネルが前記手段を提供する。具体的には、301システム割込制御部が、各システム間での割込を制御し、プロセッサーの割当てやスケジューリングを行う。また、302システム動作メモリ空間管理部が各システムのメモリを管理し、各システムのメモリ割当を行う。つまり多重システム並列稼働カーネル(300)は各システムの完全に制御可能であり、1つのシステムから多重システム並列稼働カーネル(300)へ不正アクセスが行われる場合には、304システム起動終了制御部を使って、汎用システム自体の停止も可能となる。

【0009】第二に、一台の計算機上に存在し、システム毎に独自管理しているハードウェアを他のシステムから隠蔽する手段を有する。図1の305ハードウェア割当制御部(305)は、各システムが独自に管理するハードウェア(401および402)やシステムが共用で持つハードウェア(400)を管理し、起動時に各ハードウェアを各システムに割当てる機能を有し、前記機能により一方のシステムが有するハードウェアを他のシステムから分離し、隠蔽する事が可能となる。

【0010】第三に、一台の計算機上で同時並列稼働する複数のシステム間での通信を制御する手段を有する。 図1の300多重システム並列稼働カーネル内の303システム間内部通信制御部が前記手段を提供する。303システム間内部通信制御部は、ネットワークなど計算機外部への通信無しで、独自にお互いのシステム間の通信にアクセス制限を設ける機能も提供可能である。

【0011】以上の手段を用い、一台の計算機上で動作する1つのシステムが他のシステムに影響を及ぼさないセキュリティがシステム自体の改造無しで実現可能であり、公共回線先のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の高度な通信制御セキュリティ機能を提供する中継器のシステムとして利用可能である。

[0012]

【発明の実施の形態】本発明の一実施例を、図面を用い

て説明する。

【0013】図1は、本発明のシステム構成を説明した 図である。100は一台の計算機である。201、20 2は計算機(100)上で動作するシステムであり、少な くとも世の中に存在するオペレーティングシステム(O S)、ミドルソフトを含む計算機制御用ソフトウェアで ある。300は計算機(100)上で動作する多重システ ム並列動作カーネルであり、前記システム(201、2 02)を一台の計算機上で複数動作させるためのシステ ムである。多重システム並列動作カーネル(300)内に は、301システム割込制御部、302システム動作メ モリ空間管理部、303システム間内部通信制御部、3 04システム起動終了制御部が存在する。また、多重シ ステム並列動作カーネル(300)内には、計算機内に存 在するハードウェアを管理し、各システム毎のハードウ ェア割当を可能にする、305ハードウェア割当制御部 の一機能が存在する。401はシステム1(201)によ って管理されている計算機(100)内のハードウェアで あり、402は汎用システム2(202)によって管理さ れている計算機(100)内のハードウェアである。一 方、400は計算機(100)内に存在する全てのシステ ムが共用で使用するハードウェアである。なお、本実施 例では説明を簡単にするため、一台の計算機(100)内 で動作するシステムは2つとしたが、これらは複数存在 することが可能である。

【0014】多重システム並列動作カーネル(300)は、計算機(100)起動時に立ち上がり、複数のシステム(201、202)を動作させるための環境を整備する。302システム動作メモリ空間管理部が、各システム毎に必要なメモリ空間の割当を行い、割当てられたメモリ空間上でそれぞれのシステムがロード可能になる。また、301システム割込制御部は、各システムが使用するプロセッサーの割当てを起動時に行う。無論この割当は複数のプロセッサーが計算機(100)内に存在する場合であり、1つのプロセッサーしかない場合は、システム割込制御部(301)が起動後プロセッサーの割込スケジューリングを管理し、必要に応じ各システムに処理を渡すように制御を行う。

【0015】以上の様にして、一台の計算機上で複数のシステムが同時並列かつ独立して、しかもシステム自体に変更や改造を加えることなく動作可能になる。

【0016】またハードウェア割当制御部(305)も、多重システム並列動作カーネル(300)の一部として計算機(100)起動時に機能し、各システムが独自に管理するハードウェア(401、402)、共用で使用するハードウェア(400)の割当を行う。起助後ユーザがアクセス可能なシステム(201、202)から、ハードウェアの情報取得した場合、システム1(201)からはシステム1管理ハードウェア(401)とシステム共用管理ハードウェア(400)が、システム2(202)からはシス

テム2管理ハードウェア(402)とシステム共用管理ハードウェア(400)が取得可能である。つまり自システムが管理していないハードウェア情報、システム1(201)ではシステム2管理ハードウェア(402)、システム2(202)ではシステム1管理ハードウェア(401)の情報は、その存在すら検知できないようになる。【0017】以上説明してきた機能を利用することで、まったく独立した複数の計算機環境を一台の計算機上に実現可能である。

【0018】多重システム並列動作カーネル(300) は、その上で動作する複数のシステム間の内部通信を仲 介制御する。これは303システム間内部通信制御部で 実現する。前記内部通信は全く外部に対して情報を発信 しないため、実際に複数の計算機間で通信をすることに 比べ、その通信内容が盗聴されたりすることは少なく安 全性が高い。また通信用インタフェースがシステムから 見えるのみなので、多重システム並列動作カーネル(3 00)の構造が分からない限り、その通信内容を解読さ れる可能性も少ない。更に必要に応じて、システム間の 通信でアクセス制限を設定する事も可能である。例え ば、システム1(201)とシステム2(202)で通信を 行う場合、システム2(202)からの要求とその応答の みの通信を許可し、システム1(201)からの通信要求 は無視するような設定を施すことも可能である。もし上 記アクセス制限を設定した場合、システム1(201)か らアクセス制限の不正があった場合や、不正な侵入者に よりシステム1(201)上で不正な操作/制御などが行 われることをシステム2(202)側で検知した場合、3 04汎用システム起動終了制御部を通じ、計算機(10 0)を起動した状態で、システム1(201)の終了や再 起動を行うことも可能となる。

【0019】以上の説明で分かる通り、図1の様な構成を取ることで、計算機上で動作するシステムに対し不正な侵入者が不正な操作/制御を行った場合にも、常に安全性の高い対応が可能になる。

【0020】次に本発明の一使用例を図2から図4で説明する。ただし、これはあくまでも一使用例であり、同様な構成を取ることで様々のセキュリティ効果を生むこことは可能である。

【0021】図2は、現在一般的に使用されているインターネット、イントラネット、エクストラネットを含む公共回線をバックボーン回線として使用するネットワークにおいて、前記公共回線上のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の通信制御の構成を示した図である。

【0022】図2の構成内容について説明を行う。1000は外部クライアント計算機。1001は外部クライアント計算機(1000)の通信を行うためのインタフェースハードウェア。一般的な例として、LANボード/カード、モデム等が挙げられる。1002は外部クライ

アント計算機(1000)上で稼働するシステム。100 3は前記システム(1002)上で動作するクライアント ソフトウェアである。2000は前記クライアントソフ トウェア(1003)の要求/返答パケットの通信路であ る、公衆回線。3000は前記クライアントソフトウェ ア(1003)が要求/返答パケットを送り先である特定 サイト。例として企業の内部ネットワークで閉じられた ネットワークサイトが挙げられ、前記サイトは公衆回線 (2000)と企業内の内部ネットワークのアクセスポイ ントの両方を保持する。3100は特定サイト(300 0)内にある公衆回線(2000)と特定サイト(300 0)内の内部ネットワークの中間に位置するセキュリテ ィ用ネットワークで、一般的には境界ネットワークと呼 ばれる。3110は、公衆回線(2000)と境界ネット ワーク(3100)の間にあり、互いのネットワークを行 き来する通信パケットのフィルタリングを行う情報機器 で、一般的には外部ルータと呼ばれる。3111は外部 ルータ(3110)で、実際にパケットのフィルタリング 機能を提供する外部<;->;境界通信制御部。3120は境 界ネットワーク(3100)上に有り、クライアントソフ トウェア(1003)からの通信の正当性確認や認証を行 う境界サーバ計算機。3121は境界サーバ計算機(3 120)の通信を行うためのインタフェースハードウェ ア。3122は境界サーバ計算機(3120)上で稼働す るシステム。3123は前記システム(3122)上で動 作するサーバソフトウェアであり、境界サーバと呼ばれ る。3124は前記境界サーバ(3123)上で、クライ アントソフトウェア(1003)からの通信の正当性確認 や認証を行い、必要により特定サイト(3000)の内部 ネットワークに処理パケットを送信するクライアント指 定処理対応部。3200は特定サイト(3000)内の内 部ネットワーク。3210は境界ネットワーク(310 0)と内部ネットワーク(3200)の間にあり、互いの ネットワークを行き来する通信パケットのフィルタリン グを行う情報機器で、一般的には内部ルータと呼ばれ る。3211は外部ルータ(3210)で、実際にパケッ トのフィルタリング機能を提供する内部(;->;境界通信制 御部。3220は内部ネットワーク内にあり、内部ネッ トワーク(3200)内のクライアントなどの処理や、境 界サーバ計算機(3120)上のクライアント指定処理対 応部(3124)からの処理を受けて内部処理などを実行 する内部サーバ計算機。3230は内部ネットワーク (3200)内の内部クライアント計算機。なお本発明で は説明を簡単にするため、計算機を極めて少ない構成で 書いたが、実際の場合同じ様な役割を果たす多くの機器 が存在する。

【0023】次に図3を使って、外部クライアント計算機(1000)が、特定サイト(3000)内の内部ネットワーク(3200)ヘアクセスする場合の通信処理流れを説明する。4000で処理が開始される。4001で、

外部クライアント計算機(1000)上のクライアントソ フトウェア(1003)が、特定サイト(3000)への処 理要求パケットを発行する。前記処理要求パケットの最 終的な宛先は、内部ネットワーク(3200)上の内部サ ーバ計算機(3220)や内部クライアント計算機(32 30)なのだが、実際に発行されるパケット要求先は境 界ネットワーク(3100)上の境界サーバ計算機(31 20)である。4002で、外部クライアント計算機(1 000)が発行した処理要求パケットが公共回線(200 0)経由で外部ルータ(3110)に送られてくる。40 03で、外部ルータ(3110)内の外部(;->;境界通信制 御部(3111)のパケットフィルタリングが行われ、宛 先やパケット種別が判断され正当性が確認された処理要 求パケットは、境界サーバ計算機(3120)に送られて くる。ここで、もレパケットの正当性が不正な場合は処 理を終了(4010)する。

【0024】4004で、境界サーバ計算機(3120)に届いた処理要求パケットは、境界サーバ計算機(3120)内の境界サーバ(3123)に送られ、クライアント指定処理対応部(3124)によって、パケット内容の確認と送り元の認証が行われ、正当性が確認されると、クライアント指定処理対応部(3124)から新たに内部ネットワーク(3200)へ送るため、パケット変換や必要な認証処理が行われ、内部ルータ(3210)に対しパケットが発信する。ここでも、もしパケット内容の正当性が不正な場合や送り元の認証が失敗した場合は、処理を終了(4010)する。4005で、内部ルータ(3210)内の内部<;->;境界通信制御部(3211)のパケットフィルタリングが行われ、変換後のパケット種別が判断されたり宛先の確認が行われ、正当性が確認されたパケットは、内部ネットワーク内に送られる。

【0025】一方、パケット種別が不正であったり、宛 先確認に失敗すると処理を終了(4010)する。4006で、内部ネットワーク(3200)に到着したパケットは、最終的に処理を実行する内部サーバ計算機(3220)や内部クライアント計算機(3230)に送られ、処理要求が実行される。以上が外部クライアント計算機(1000)が、特定サイト(3000)内の内部ネットワーク(3200)ヘアクセスする時における、一連の通信処理流れである。

【0026】ここで、図2の構成におけるセキュリティの問題点について述べる。

【0027】一般的に、公共回線(2000)、特定サイトのネットワーク内(3100、3200)を流れるパケットは内容の暗号化等が施されており、比較的盗聴等に遭った場合でも安全に設計されている。しかしながら、境界ネットワーク(3100)上に存在する境界サーバ(3123)のベースとして動作するシステム(3122)は、一般的に流通OSやミドルソフトウェアで構成されており、その内部構造等が解析され易い。また境界サー

バ(3123)の役割としては、外からの情報を処理する他、情報を外部に発信する役目を持つ、必然的にパケットのフィルタリングという意味では、内部ルータ(3210)に比べ、外部ルータ(3110)のセキュリティレベルは低く設定されていることが多い。そのため、外部の不正な侵入者が境界ネットワーク(3100)上の境界サーバ計算機(3120)への不正な侵入を試みたり、不正な解析プログラムを送り込んだりするのが容易である。

【0028】不正侵入されたり不正プログラムを送り込まれた場合、送付されてくる処理要求パケット内容の解析や改竄、更には内部ネットワークへ送るパケットの解析や改竄が実行される。そして最終的に企業内などの内部ネットワークに侵入を許し、機密情報などの漏洩やウィルス等の送り込みが行われ甚大な被害を被ることが多い。無論その対策として、境界ネットワーク(3100)の境界サーバ計算機(3120)上のシステム(3122)を、独自なシステムとして稼働することも可能である。ただし、その場合システムの上で動作するサーバを始めとするアプリケーションも全く独自なものを用意する必要があり、汎用性が著しく下がる。

【0029】前記セキュリティ上の問題点を解決するため、境界ネットワーク(3100)上の境界サーバ計算機(3120)に、図1で説明した本発明のシステム構成を適応した場合の構成図を図4に示す。

【0030】図4の構成内容について説明を行う。10 00, 1001, 1002, 1003, 2000, 30 00, 3100, 3110, 3111, 3120, 31 21, 3122, 3122, 3123, 3124, 32 00、3210、3211、3220、3230は図2 で説明した構成と一緒である。300は図1で説明した 多重システム並列稼働カーネルである。3125は、外 部クライアント(1000)からの処理要求パケットを一 時的に保存するための格納領域であるクライアント指定 処理要求保存部。3126は境界サーバ計算機(312 0)上で内部サーバ計算機(3220)との通信を行うた めのインタフェースハードウェア。3127はクライア ント指定処理要求保存部の内容監視と、システム(31 22)の不正操作/侵入監視を行う監視システム。332 1は内部サーバ計算機(3220)の通信を行うためのイ ンタフェースハードウェア。3222は内部サーバ計算 機(3220)上で稼働するシステム。3223は前記シ ステム(3222)上で動作するサーバソフトウェアであ り、内部サーバと呼ばれる。3224は監視システム (3127)の指示により、クライアント指定処理要求保 存部(3125)から外部クライアント(1000)からの 処理要求パケットを取得するクライアント指定処理要求 取得部。3225はクライアント指定処理要求取得部か ら処理要求パケットを受け取り、内部ネットワーク内の 指定計算機に処理要求パケットを送るためのクライアン

ト指定処理内部ネットワーク対応部。3226は内部サ ーバ計算機(3220)上で境界サーバ計算機(3120) との通信を行うためのインタフェースハードウェア。3 300は内部サーバ計算機(3220)の通信インタフェ ースハードウェア(3326)と境界サーバ計算機(31 20) の通信インタフェースハードウェア(3126)を 結ぶネットワークである、専用ゲートウェイLAN。 【0031】本構成の特徴は、境界サーバ計算機(31 20)に、図1で説明した多重システム動作カーネル(3 00)を採用したところである。前記多重システム動作 カーネル(300)は境界サーバ計算機(3120)起動時 に、従来と同様なシステム(3122)の他、監視システ ム(3127)をロードする。これらは図1で説明した、 システム割込制御部(301)、システムメモリ空間管理 部(302)で実現される。また前記それぞれのシステム は、一台の計算機上で動作しているが、システム(31 22)は境界ネットワーク(3100)に、監視システム (3127)は専用ゲートウェイLAN(3300)にと、 それぞれ全く別々のネットワークに繋がっている。ハー ドウェア的にも、それぞれのシステムが管理する通信イ ンタフェースハードウェア(3121、3126)は、他 システム側のハードウェア情報を検知出来ないように構 成されている。これは図1で説明した、ハードウェア割 当制御部(305)で実現される。つまり、一台の計算機 上で全く、別々のセキュリティレベルを持つ計算機が独 立して混在した環境を構成しているのである。

【0032】監視システム(3127)は、多重システム 並列カーネル(300)経由で、定期的にシステム(31 22) 側を監視する。このため、多重システム並列カー ネル(300)は、監視システム(3127)からの通信要 求とその返答はアクセスを許可するが、逆のシステム (3122)からの通信要求は受け付けないような設定を 施してある。これは図1で説明したシステム間内部通信 制御部で実現される。もし、外部クライアント(100 0)からの処理要求パケットを、システム(3122)側 が受信しているようであれば、監視システム(3127) が専用ゲートウェイLAN(3300)経由で内部サーバ 計算機(3220)に指示を送り、内部サーバ計算機(3 220)が処理要求パケットを取得し、最終的に内部ネ ットワーク内の指定計算機に処理要求パケットを送る。 【0033】また、境界サーバ計算機(3120)上のシ ステム(3122)に不正者が侵入したり、不正プログラ ム等が送り込まれた場合は、監視システム(3127)が 検知し、更に多重システム並列カーネル(300)に不正 アクセスを試みられた場合にも、多重システム並列動作 カーネル(300)が検知し監視システム(3127)に通 知され、監視システム(3127)の指示によりシステム (3122)側の終了/リプートが実行され、その通知が 管理者に通知される。これは図1で説明したシステム起 動終了制御部(304)により実現される。

【0034】図5に図4の構成を使った外部クライアン ト計算機(1000)が、特定サイト(3000)内の内部 ネットワーク(3200)ヘアクセスする場合の通信処理 流れを説明する。なお、境界サーバ計算機(3120)に 処理要求パケットが送られてくるまでの処理は、図3と 同様なので、それ以降の説明をここでは行う。5000 で処理が開始される。5001で、境界サーバ計算機 (3120)に届いた処理要求パケットは、境界サーバ計 算機(3120)内の境界サーバ(3123)に送られ、ク ライアント指定処理対応部(3124)によって、パケッ ト内容の確認と送り元の認証が行われ、正当性が確認さ れると、クライアント指定処理対応部(3124)からク ライアント指定処理要求保存部(3125)に格納され る。ここでも、もしパケット内容の正当性が不正な場合 や送り元の認証が失敗した場合は、処理を終了(501 0)する。5002で、監視システム(3127)が多重 システム並列動作カーネル(300)経由で、クライアン ト指定処理要求保存部(3125)を確認し、処理要求パ ケットが存在する場合、パケット内容の確認を行い正当 なパケットであれば、専用ゲートウェイLAN(330 0)経由で、内部サーバ(3223)上のクライアント指 定処理要求取得部に、パケット取得の指示を出す。ここ でも、もし内容の正当性が不正な場合は、処理を終了 (5010)する。5003で、クライアント指定処理要 求取得部が、クライアント指定処理要求保存部(312 5)から、処理パケットを取得し、そのパケットをクラ イアント指定処理内部ネットワーク対応部(3225)に 送付する。5004でクライアント指定処理内部ネット ワーク対応部(3225)が、最終的に処理を実行する内 部サーバ計算機(3220)や内部クライアント計算機 (3230)に送り、処理要求が実行される。以上が本特 許のシステム構成を利用した場合における、外部クライ アント計算機(1000)が、特定サイト(3000)内の 内部ネットワーク(3200)ヘアクセスする時におけ る、一連の通信処理流れである。

【0035】以上で本発明の一実施例の説明を終わる。 【0036】

【発明の効果】本発明は、単一計算機上で複数システムを同時並列稼働させる環境を利用し、同時並列稼働しているシステム同士のセキュリティをシステム自体の改造無しに確保する。また、例え1つのシステムに不正な侵入がされた場合でも、侵入されたシステム自身の終了/リブートを実行し、他のシステムへの二次的な影響を防止し、他のシステムに影響を及ぼさないセキュリティの確保が可能である。

【0037】特にインターネット、イントラネット、エクストラネットを含む公共回線をバックボーン回線として使用するネットワークで、前記公共回線上のクライアントから特定サイト内へアクセスをする際の通信制御において、前記通信制御用び中継器のセキュリティ確保が

可能となる。

【図面の簡単な説明】

- 【図1】本発明のシステム構成図。
- 【図2】現在の公共回線越え通信制御の構成図。
- 【図3】現在の公共回線越え通信制御処理の流れ図。
- 【図4】本発明を公共回線越え通信制御に用いた場合の 構成図

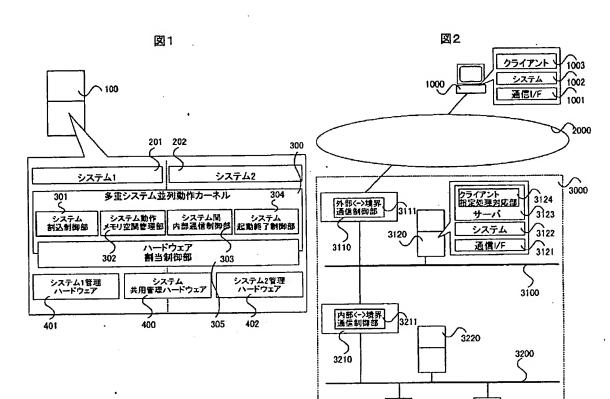
【図5】本発明による公共回線越え通信制御処理の流れ図。

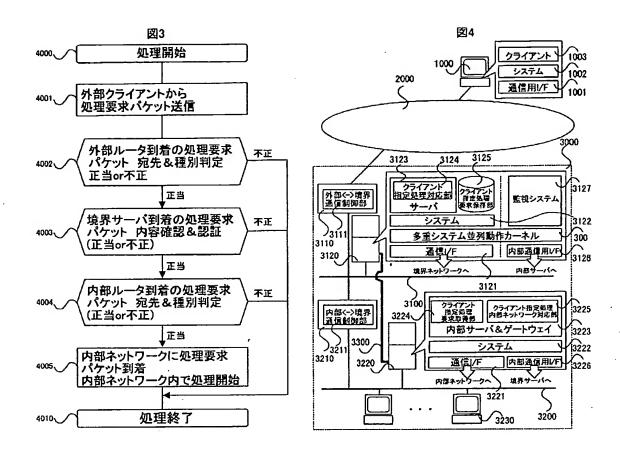
【図1】

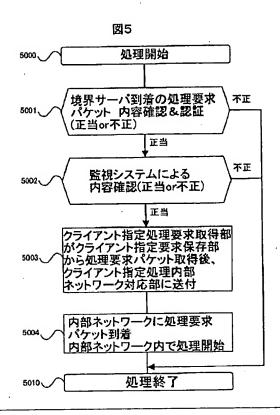
【符号の説明】

100…計算機、201…システム1、202…システム2、300…多重システム並列動作カーネル、301 …システム割込制御部、302…システム動作メモリ空間管理部、303…システム間内部通信制御部、304 …システム起動終了制御部、305…ハードウェア割当制御部、400…システム共用管理ハードウェア、401…システム1管理ハードウェア、402…システム2管理ハードウェア。

【図2】







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CA16

5B085 AE06 BG07

5B089 GA21 HA10 JB16 JB22 KA17

KB13 KC52 KC58 ME12